



The Ada Evening News



VOLUME XVI. NUMBER 276

ADA, OKLAHOMA, MONDAY, FEBRUARY 2, 1920.

THREE CENTS THE COPY

PROFITEERING IN FIREWOOD

DEATH RATE IN U.S. INCREASES

VIENNA'S FORESTS LOOTED BY THOSE WHO WOULD PROFIT ON THE MISERY OF OTHERS

By the Associated Press
VIENNA, Feb. 1.—The authorities recently authorized the population to cut and take from the municipal forests that surround Vienna as much wood as could be borne on the back three times weekly. The plan was meant to meet the pressing need of people who could not buy or obtain from the public ration enough fuel to cook with.

A fortnight's experiment showed, that with the complete destruction of one superb forest park of 150 acres, only a fraction of the wood went as intended, while organized bands of profiteers cut and sold 20,000,000 crowns' worth.

The incident is typical of profiteering conditions in this capital. The papers daily report the frustrated or successful smuggling in and out of the country of contraband articles and commodities. A band of Spanish smugglers recently were caught on the southern frontier with large quantities of gold, silver and platinum which they were trying to take out in automobiles. The low exchange value of the Austrian crown makes smuggling a tempting game and men take desperate chances. The frontiers are guarded closely and everyone searched, but the left hand trade is unchecked.

Money can still buy any necessity or any luxury here. While the wants of the people are hungry and cold and ill-clad, the splendid hotels and restaurants continue so crowded that it is impossible to be served unless a reservation is made for a table. In crowns the prices are fabulous. A simple meal costs the months salary of an office man, yet profiteers and alien speculators through them as well as the cabarets and night amusement places of all kinds.

On the one hand is luxury and reckless spending and on the other starvation. The swarms of street beggars increased, men women and children with their insistent appeals. The cheaper coffee houses are filled.

(Continued on Page Five.)

Churchill Says That Something Bad is Due From Russia

By the Associated Press
SUNDERLAND Eng., Feb. 1.—Winston Churchill, British Secretary of State for War, declared in an address he delivered here that while no one can tell what will emerge from Russia "it will be something very menacing to civilization and especially dangerous to the British Empire."

"Bolshevist fanatics are determined to destroy civilization, democratic parliaments, and the liberties of free peoples", declared the Minister.

"Europe and Asia are in a desperate condition. The Allies may abandon Russia, but Russia will not abandon them. The ghost of the bear will cross the snows and menace them."

"New forces are springing up in Asia Minor, and if Russian Bolshevism and Turkish Mahometanism should join hands the situation for Great Britain would be grave. Kolchak and Denikine have protected British interests in the past, but the armies of Kolchak are almost gone, the armies of Denikine are in jeopardy and if they were to disappear serious danger would immediately arise."

"It is possible that there may be a combination between Kaiser militarism and German Bolshevism to destroy the German Republic. We must see that that does not happen. We are continually being told that we should not trade with Germany again, but how are we to get our indemnities unless we trade with her? France and America are taking all steps to trade with Germany, and we should not be called on to stand aside."

FRANCIS DEFEATS TISHOMINGO A. & M.

Last Saturday Francis basketball team defeated Tishomingo by a score of 44 to 11. The game was much more interesting than the score would indicate. The Tishomingo quintet are certainly very active and accurate goal shooters and showed a good spirit throughout the game. Much credit is due the Francis centers and those girls are certainly going good and are really expecting to defeat the as yet undefeated girls of Wewoka at Francis February 27th.

FLUE GETS CREDIT FOR MOST OF IT, YET HEARST TROUBLE FROM J. B. GETS SOME CREDIT

By the Associated Press
WASHINGTON, Feb. 2.—The death rate in the United States for 1918 was the highest on record according to the census bureau annual mortality statistics, issued today, which shows 1,471,367 deaths for the year representing a total of 18 per cent for every 1000 population.

Of the total 477,467 or over 22 percent were due to influenza and pneumonia, 38,996 deaths having occurred in the last four months of the year when an epidemic of these disease prevailed.

The other principal causes of death were organic disease of the heart, tuberculosis, acute nephritis, brights disease and cancer which together were responsible for 391,391 deaths or nearly 27 per cent of the total during the year.

More Cotton This Year Than Last At Time of Year

A. W. McKeel, special agent, makes a report today that should make Ada and Pontotoc county feel good from the standpoint of cotton.

Mr. McKeel informs us that there were 24,241 bales of cotton, counting round as half bales, ginned in Pontotoc county from the crop of 1919 prior to Jan. 16, 1920, as compared with 13,530 bales ginned to Jan. 16, 1919.

It has been known all the way through that the cotton crop for this year was phenomenal, but it was not realized that the gain over last year was so great until the report came in from Mr. McKeel this week.

As a matter of fact, the wet weather of the fall months so retarded cotton picking that it is estimated that even a fifth of the crop is in the fields. If this proves to be correct the crop of this year will certainly prove a record breaker.

Heap Money Paid To Police Judge For Past Month

The report of Mayor Kitchens as police judge for January shows that the police court is still a good revenue producer for the city in spite of compulsory education and the passing of J. Barleycorn. During the month just passed the mayor collected \$424.75 in cash as fines for various delinquencies, such as drunk, speeding, etc. Stay-bonds to the amount of about \$175.00 are also on file.

Convicts Begin Building Some Real Highways

The entire force of state convicts contracted for by the county commissioners have now arrived and began work today. A part of the force have begun work building the road at the Egypt bridge. The crossing will be strongly ballasted with stone, and it is the intention of the road builders to construct a crossing at this place that will be permanent and that will not need any attention in the future.

The rest of the convicts will be employed graveling the road from Ada to the Byng bridge. Both operations will be carried on simultaneously and the crews will be kept in the stockade at the fairgrounds. Commissioner Laughlin left for Oklahoma City this afternoon to secure two more army trucks furnished by the war department to be employed in road construction. With several trucks and fifty convicts employed on the highways Pontotoc County will have some of the best roads in the state before the summer is ended. The commissioners are to be heartily commended for beginning some real work on the roads after many years of talk by the public generally.

Mrs. Myrtle Roberts of Bebe was released from the local hospital yesterday.

THE OL' TIMERS 'VE GOT AN AWFUL GROUCH ON 'CAUSE THEY CAN'T REMEMBER A WORSE WINTER, AN' THEY HAINT GOT NOTHIN' ELSE WORTH WHILE TO ARGUE 'BOUT



FARMERS OPPOSE SLAVING FOR US

CAN'T SEE WHY THEY SHOULD WORK DAY AND NIGHT AND OTHERS TAKE THINGS EASY

By the Associated Press

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Feb. 2.—Those who are best informed on agricultural conditions in America cannot offer the slightest hope of lower food prices so far as the farmer is concerned, according to a statement of Sherman J. Lowell, master of the National Grange, made public last night.

The statement after declaring that it was the belief of the farmers of the country that the only way to reduce the high cost of living was for everybody to do a "reasonable days work," and adds:

"This is the declaration of the National Grange which sets in the future no reason why its members should slave long hours, seven days a week, to supply cheap food to the other workers of the country who enjoy short hours and unlimited opportunities for rest and pleasure."

Petitions for Paving are Filed With Officials

Petitions have been filed with the city commissioners asking for more paving in Ada. One petition is filed by citizens and property holders along Townsend Avenue asking for the paving of that thoroughfare from 12th Street South to 20th Street. The people along East 9th ask that that street be paved from Broadway east to the city limits.

It is stated that petitions for paving 17th Street from Rennie to Johnson are ready to be filed.

Another petition to have East 10th paved is also said to be ready for presentation to the commissioners.

R. R. Hendon of Edisto is in Ada today on a business mission. He is anxious to move to Ada to get the benefit of the schools for his little girls and is seeking either a city residence or a small farm near the city. Mr. Hendon is a former member of the legislature and one of the best known men of Pott county.

LAST MINUTE NEWS

Callahan Renominated.

By the Associated Press
WASHINGTON, Feb. 2.—James Y. Callahan was renominated today as register of the land office at Guthrie, Oklahoma.

A Bolshevik Uprising.

LONDON, Feb. 2.—A Bolshevik uprising is reported to have occurred at the Tiflis and Kutais in Transcaucasia. Both cities are declared to be in the hands of the Reds.

Austrian is Executed.

PARIS, Feb. 2.—Lieut. Funck, an Austrian who during the war was employed in a bank here, and reported to the Germans the point at which the shells of their long range cannons fell, was executed today.

Estonian-Soviet Peace.

LOWSAW, Feb. 2.—Peace was definitely concluded this morning between the Russian Soviet government and Estonia, it was announced in a wireless dispatch from Moscow this afternoon.

Texas Pool Halls in Tolls.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 2.—The supreme court today denied a motion made on behalf of various owners of pool and billiard rooms in Texas to enjoin temporarily state officials from enforcing the state act of 1919 prohibiting the operation of such places pending final determination by the court of appeals, involving the validity of the statute. Lower courts held the act constitutional.

Reds Are Found Guilty

TACOMA, Wash., Feb. 2.—A jury trying 36 alleged I. W. W. on a charge of criminal syndicalism returned a verdict of guilty today in the presence of a large number of the friends of the striken family.

The religious exercises were conducted by Dr. A. L. Odell of the Presbyterian Church, of which Mrs. Morris was a devoted member.

Dr. Odell delivered a brief address of great eloquence, after which the Ada Chapter of the Eastern Star rendered the beautiful burial rite of the order.

Bolshevik Centralized

WARSAW, Feb. 1.—Centralization of a large number of Bolshevik troops north of the Dvina River has been presented by attacks by Polish units, according to an official state.

Attempts to gather Bolshevik forces along the fronts in White Russia and Lithuania are believed by military authorities to be part of the soviet government's preparation for a spring attack against Warsaw. Newspapers here say the red offensive against Poland will be begun as soon as possible.

WEATHER FORECAST

Cloudy and much colder tonight and Tuesday. Freezing temperature or lower.

SPAKER BABY TO STAY IN FAMILY

BROTHER WILL MARRY WAR FIANCEE OF AVIATOR AND RAISE THE BABY OF HIS BROTHER.

By the Associated Press

NEW YORK, Feb. 2.—Mrs. Cora M. Spiker of Baltimore went to Ellis Island to complete formalities for the admission to this country of Miss Emily Knowles, the English war worker who was detained with her baby on the way to join Mrs. Spiker and her husband, Lieut. Perley R. Spiker, whom she met at a camp in England while he was an aviator in training and she was an member of the women's auxiliary service.

Mrs. Spiker, who was accompanied by her lawyer and Gus R. Spiker, brother of the Lieutenant, who has offered to marry Miss Knowles. They took a \$1,000 liberty bond to the Island to deposit as required by the department of labor for the admission of Miss Knowles and her baby to the country for three months in care of Mr. and Mrs. William K. Battersby of Fall River, Mass.

Funeral of Mrs. Morris.

The funeral services of Mrs. L. M. Morris of Allen, who died Saturday morning at the hospital at Henrietta, were held at Rosedale cemetery yesterday afternoon in the presence of a large number of the friends of the stricken family.

The religious exercises were conducted by Dr. A. L. Odell of the Presbyterian Church, of which Mrs. Morris was a devoted member.

Dr. Odell delivered a brief address of great eloquence, after which the Ada Chapter of the Eastern Star rendered the beautiful burial rite of the order.

Mrs. Morris

Mrs. Morris was a native of London, England, being born November 27, 1872. At the age of eighteen she came to America and spent the remainder of her life in the United States. She was married to L. M. Morris, now a prominent hardware and furniture dealer of Allen, and leaves surviving her the husband, one son, Starr Morris of Allen, and her aged father. Mrs. Morris was one of Pontotoc county's noblest women and her untimely death is a great sorrow to the people among whom she lived.

Corp. Louis Drummond

arrived home from the hospital at Ft. Sam Houston, Texas. The corporal has received his discharge and if necessary the government has provided that he be sent to a private hospital in the future.

WEATHER FORECAST

Cloudy and much colder tonight and Tuesday. Freezing temperature or lower.

SEVERE EARTH QUAKE RECORDED

INSTRUMENT AT GEORGETOWN UNIVERSITY RECORDS WORST SHOCK FOR MANY YEARS

By the Associated Press

WASHINGTON, Feb. 2.—A very severe earthquake shock, lasting more than two hours and centered between 3,300 and 3,800 miles from Washington was recorded early today on the Sympograph at Georgetown University. The shock began at 5:42 A. M., reached its maximum intensity about 8:00 o'clock and ceased at 9:30 o'clock.

CHICAGO, Feb. 2.—The United States Sympograph at the university at Chicago recorded the most pronounced earthquake in months this morning. The shock which continued to 8:45 was heavier than the recent Mexican upheaval. The first shock was at 5:42 o'clock and reached its maximum at 7:40.

High Laws Round Up One Runaway And Some Others

The sheriff's office took possession of Earl Martin this morning and are holding him until his father arrives from Connersville. The office received a phone call from the lad's father stating that he had run away from home and had come to Ada. The boy had sold his horse to an Ada party just a few minutes before the officers found him. He is sixteen years old.

Henry Martin and Odie Roberts of the Bebe community engaged in a frantic encounter yesterday and were in Ada this morning to pay for their pugilistic experience. Martin entered his plea of guilty in Justice Anderson's court and was assessed \$10.00 and costs. Roberts was assessed \$5.00 and costs by Justice Brown.

Major Kitchens gave one Driver the regulation assessment in police court this morning. Driver was charged with imbibing too much of the remains of John Barleycorn.

Ladies Welcome Teachers and Pupils to School

The ladies residing in the immediate vicinity of the Hays school showed their appreciation of the new school today by visiting the school building and serving lunches to the teachers and pupils at the noon hour. It was a purely informal affair, but a delightful one nevertheless and the teachers and kiddies highly appreciated the delicious chicken sandwiches and hot chocolate served by the ladies. There was no club or organization back of the thoughtful courtesy—it was just an expression of thanks by the ladies living near the building for the school just opened.

About 350 pupils entered the Hays school today and a number of additional ones are to enter with in the next few days. The capacity of the building will soon be exhausted, it is now believed by the school authorities. An additional building is already a pressing necessity and that another one will have to be provided for in the immediate future seems a certainty.

The faculty of the Hays school that began work today is as follows: Principal—8th Grade Mr. Emerson; 7th Grade Miss Beulah Smoots; 6th Grade Miss Patton; 5th Grade Mrs. Edwards; 4th Grade Miss Eunice Bille; 3rd Grade Mrs. Luther Harrison; 2nd Grade Mrs. F. E. Gray; 1st Grade Miss Ida Gray; 1st Grade Miss Grant.

At the Liberty

The patrons of the Liberty theater today and Tuesday will see the best picture since "Mickey" came to town. Douglas Fairbanks is at his very best in "His Majesty the American". Liberty going people have come to associate the picture playing orchestra employed by the Liberty as a part of each picture. This picture contains eight reels of comedy, sadness, tragedy, love, happiness and disappointment and is easily the best thing Fairbanks has ever produced and together with the music, the picture interpreting orchestra will produce well be worth the price of admission and the time spent. Showing Matinee and night Monday and Tuesday.

However, I am leaving Mrs. Francis McElwin as head matron at 426 East Main Street, Ada, and I am leaving a list with her and would be glad to have you step in and visit the baby's home and sign up as a member if you are interested.

2-2-11 MRS. PARKS

INDICATIONS ARE NOW THAT DISCUSSION OF THE PEACE TREATY WILL BEGIN IN THE NEAR FUTURE.

By the Associated Press
WASHINGTON, Feb. 2.—A renewal of senate debate on the peace treaty

City Briefs

Get it at Gwin & Maya.
Have your Photo made at West's
Let a Want Ad get it for you.
Mrs. Wick Adair left last night
for Bromide for a few days visit.
Steve Fish returned to Stonewall
yesterday after visiting friends in
the city.

Mr. and Mrs. Y. McCammon,
of Horse Shoe Ranch, were in the
city Saturday.

Hugh Smathers returned last
night from California, where he has
been for some time.

Miss Alice Canon returned yes-
terday from Pittsburg, Okla., where
she has been visiting.

Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Casey arrived
yesterday from Blair, Okla., and
will locate in the city.

Mrs. R. L. Webber and baby left
this morning for Muskogee where
they will visit friends.

Mrs. H. A. Greene of Fitzhugh
returned yesterday after visiting
her mother, Mrs. C. D. Price.

Misses Nova and Lulu McKinley,
who are teaching at Oakman, spent
the week-end at their home in Ada.

Miss Ruth Case returned to Okla-
homa University yesterday after hav-
ing spent the holidays at her home.

Mrs. W. H. Cole returned yes-
terday to her home in Shawnee af-
ter visiting Mrs. L. A. Maxey of this
city.

Mrs. Pearl Overturf, who is teach-
ing with her husband at Maxwell is
reported seriously ill with pneu-
monia.

Miss Edna Gill, student of the
college, returned yesterday from
her home in Morris where she spent
the holidays.

Miss Corinne Moore returned yes-
terday from Wapanucka where she
had been visiting friends for the
past few days.

Miss Gaylon Oliphant, student of the
Normal, returned yesterday from
Oklahoma City after having spent the
holidays at home.

J. P. Roetzel of Okeene was in
Ada Saturday attending a meeting of
the management of the American
Glass Casket Company.

Miss Hazel Landen of Lehigh,
who is a student of E. C. S. C., re-
turned yesterday after spending the
holidays at home.

Miss Georgia Gage, student of the
college, returned yesterday from
her home in Purcell, where she spent
the holidays.

Mrs. J. L. Bruce and daughter,
Carrie, of Coalgate, returned home
last night after visiting Dr. E. O.
Nicholson of this city.

Mrs. E. T. Burk who has been ill,
threatened with pneumonia, is re-
ported to be in much more serious
condition this morning.

H. W. Wells of the M. & P. Bank
was called to Checotah yesterday by
the serious illness of Mrs. Gregg,
the mother of Mrs. Wells.

Miss Vera Jacobs of Coalgate re-
turned yesterday evening, after
having been the houseguest of Miss
Ruth Case for the past few days.

Mrs. A. W. Parker will have
her mother, Mrs. Margaret Welsh,
of West Mineral, Kansas, for a few
days today. She is expected to ar-
rive today.

Miss Lillian Faust returned yes-
terday to William Woods College,
Fulton, Mo., after spending the hol-
idays with her parents, Dr. and Mrs.
W. D. Faust.

Mrs. Frank Jackson and Miss Es-
telle McClure have returned from
Galveston, Houston and Ft. Worth
where they spent the holidays vis-
iting relatives.

Mrs. John Kinkaid, formerly Miss
May Walsh, underwent a surgical
operation this morning at the family
home at 120 East 14th. The News
is informed that she is doing nicely.

Mrs. Dudley Young returned to
Morris yesterday to resume her
teaching after visiting her husband,
who is manager of the Shaffer Oil
and Refining Co. of this city.

Messrs. Floyd Haynes and Guy
Woodard returned to Norman yes-
terday where they are students of
Oklahoma University, after spending the
holidays at their homes in Ada.

Misses Opal Pruitt, Helen Mun-
dy, Estella Holland and Jesse
Brown, students of the E. C. S. C.,
returned yesterday from their homes
in Stonewall, where they spent the
holidays.

Walter G. Owen, formerly of this
place, but now engaged in the fur-
iture business in Chickasha, spent
Sunday here visiting his wife's par-
ents, Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Dodds, of
700 East Fourteenth street.

C. A. Roff of Pawhuska spent
the weekend in Ada visiting his
sister, Mrs. L. A. Braly. Mr. Roff
formerly lived in McClain county
and was a prominent figure in
state politics.

J. P. Welch of Franks is at the
office of Dr. McNew today with a
badly injured eye, caused by get-
ting struck in that member with
a nail while helping build a house.
At last reports it was thought there
was some chance to save the eye.

Miss Letta Rock is reported on the
sick list today.

Miss Winnie Fisher has resigned
her position at Brown's store.

A. W. Parker left yesterday for
St. Joseph, Mo., on business.

Jack C. Morris of Roff was vis-
iting friends in the city Saturday.

C. A. Caruth of Denton, Texas,
is transacting business in the city.

Mrs. Dessa Meadows of Fitzhugh
was a visitor in the city Saturday.

Tom Burleson returned Saturday
to his home in Hugo after visiting
in Ada.

Miss Gervis Bills has returned
from Dallas where she spent the
holidays.

Merle Sears, who is teaching at
Roff, spent Saturday in Ada visiting
his parents.

Homer Woods returned Saturday
from Okmulgee and spent Sunday
with his family.

Misses Hazel and Opal Armstrong
attended a dance in Ardmore Sat-
urday evening.

Miss Mattie Lucas had as her
guest for the week-end Miss Rosella
Smith from Fitzhugh.

W. H. Eliem left yesterday with his
daughter, Lilly, for Tishomingo, where
she will enter school.

Miss Gayle Spooner, teacher in
E. C. S. C., left Saturday for her
home in Shawnee for a few days.

A. E. Barton of Cherokee, Ala.,
left yesterday for Pauls Valley,
after visiting with W. C. Lee of this
city.

Mrs. O. L. Christopher returned to
her home in Francis Saturday after
visiting in the city with Mrs. R. L. Crudup.

Miss Lois Stranger and Miss Ruby
Foster returned to their home in
Zita, Saturday, after visiting H. Roper
and family.

Misses Anna Cox and Myrtle Ste-
vens, who are teaching at Blanchard,
spent the week-end visiting
friends in the city.

W. W. Gaines of Stonewall was
in Ada today attending a meeting
of the jury commission of which
Mr. Gaines is a member.

Messrs. Julian Allen and "Fatty"
Burk accompanied Misses Nadine and
Lino Roddy to Holdenville, their home,
yesterday.

Miss Clara May Hooker returned
to her home in Oklahoma City yes-
terday after having been the house-
guest of Mrs. W. N. Mays.

Miss Lola Atkinson, Ruth Gib-
son, and Agnes and Julia Smith re-
turned yesterday from Shawnee
where they spent the holidays.

Miss Emma Ligon left yesterday
for Okmulgee to resume her school
work there after having spent the
holidays at her home in the city.

Mrs. Ben Schlenberg left yester-
day for Columbus, Ga., to visit her
daughter, Mrs. I. Saul, and a grand-
child which is reported to be very
ill.

Mrs. A. Wormington and children
left Saturday for Roff where they
will visit Mrs. Wormington's moth-
er, Mrs. J. F. Massey, for a few
days.

Miss Raleigh Kennedy of Hugo
returned to her home Saturday after
having been the houseguest of Mrs. W. N. Mays for the past
few days.

Mrs. H. L. Smith left Saturday
for their home in Ardmore, after
visiting Mrs. Smith's parents, Rev.
and Mrs. W. H. Nettles, for a few
days.

Miss Willetta Kittell, instructor
of piano at the Normal, returned
yesterday after spending the hol-
idays at her home in Topeka, Kans.,
and visiting friends at Marysville,
Mo.

**YESTERDAY AT THE
CHRISTIAN CHURCH**

There was an unusually large atten-
dance at the Sunday School yes-
terday morning, one hundred and
sixty-one being present. A new
class was formed with Mr. E. E.
Emerson as teacher. This is a class
of Junior boys. There was good
singing and a fine spirit.

At the morning hour of worship
when the invitation was given, two
persons came forward for mem-
bership—Miss Georgie Belle Gage, of
Purcell, Oklahoma, and Miss Minnie
Criswell, of Clovis, New Mexico, both
of whom came to put in their mem-
bership with the church. Miss Pur-
cell is a student here in the Normal
college, and is rooming at 119 N.
Mississippi. Miss Criswell is de-
puty county clerk, and stays at her
brothers, J. U. Criswell.

At the meeting of the elders and
deacons in the afternoon, a commit-
tee was appointed to make an investi-
gation with reference to secur-
ing funds from the National Board
of Church Extension for the New
Church building. The committee
consists of L. T. Walters, C. E.
Cunning, and Walter Goyne. Another
committee was appointed to take up
the matter of securing an evan-
gelist for a revival meeting some
time in the summer. Other matters
were discussed in reference to the
new church building.

In the evening a fine audience
gathered to hear the first of the
sixteen sermons on the Book of Rev-
elation. The preacher's theme was,
"The Glorified Christ". The audi-
ence proved themselves good lis-
teners. A quartet rendered most
commendably, "Crossing the Bar." The
quartet consisted of C. E. Cun-
ning, L. T. Walters, E. E. Emer-

**JAPANESE ROBE IS
FAVORED NEGLIGEE**

UNDERWOOD

*New's Wants***TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY**

STRAYED—Fawn colored Jersey
heifer, 10 months old. Call Dr. Ross
or phone 235 1-5-2t

WANTED—Good man 57 years old
wants permanent place as janitor
or other light work. Call Rev. Damer-
on, phone 616. 1-5-2t

WANTED—Position by steady young
man, willing to learn and not afraid
to work. Prefer a place in store or
garage. See G. M. Dismukes, or
phone 181. 1-5-2t

FOR SALE—Five room modern
house, 719 W. 9th. Phone W. W.
Dameron. 1-5-2t

FOR RENT—15 acre farm adjoin-
ing city; 5 room house, fine con-
crete storm cellar, abundance of
fine water, well and spring. See J.
L. Huber, owner. 1-5-2t

**SUPREME COURT SAYS
VOILSTEAD ACT LEGAL**

By the Associated Press

WASHINGTON, Jan. 5.—The su-
preme court today declared constitu-
tional the sections of the Volstead
prohibition enforcement act pro-
hibiting the manufacture and sale of
"beer, wines, or other intoxicating
liquors," containing one-half of
one per cent or more of alcohol.

Bear containing 2 3-4 per cent of
alcohol is illegal under the wartime
prohibition act, the supreme court
decided.

Dismissal by the lower court in
New York of injunction proceedings
brought to restrain government
officials from interfering with Jacob
Ruppert, a brewer, in the manufac-
ture of beer containing approximately
2 3-4 per cent alcohol but al-
leged to be non-intoxicating, was
sustained.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 5.—Associate
Justice Brandeis, who rendered the
opinion of the court, said the power
of the act of suppressing liquor was
not a power of justice, but a power
of injustice.

The court was divided, five of the
associate justices favoring the con-
stitutionality of the measure, while
four, Gay, Vandever, Clark and
McReynolds, dissented.

Justice McReynolds in a dissenting
opinion, said that the Eighteenth
Amendment had not yet come into
effect, and that the federal govern-
ment had not the general power
to prohibit the manufacture and sale
of liquor. He took the ground that
the war emergency under the na-
tional prohibition act was not ef-
fective.

**I. W. W. KILLERS
ON TRIAL TODAY**

(Continued from Page One)

guilty at Chehalis and were granted
a change of venue to Montesano.

In the investigation many eye
witnesses said the first shooting
was begun without warning or pro-
vocation by those inside the I. W.
W. hall. Some said the firing began
from the hall after a single shot
from the Avalon hotel, opposite the
hall.

At the coroner's inquest Dr.
Frank Bickford, Centralia physician
and former service man, who was
marching in the parade, testified
that the shooting began only after
the marchers started to rush the
hall.

Wesley Everett, said to have been
an I. W. W. organizer and slayer of
Hubbard, was spirited from the
jail in the night following the
shooting, the electric lights of the
town having been cut off. He was
taken by the mob to a bridge over the
Chehalis river where he was hanged.

Several service men who were
wounded by shots have completely
recovered.

Twenty-four men, rounded up
after the shooting, were charged
with criminal activities but several
of these have since been released.

Teacher Training Class.

The Teacher Training Class will
meet this evening at the Christian
Church at seven-thirty. All members
are asked to take notice of the
change of time from seven to seven-
thirty. This evening the class will
study "The Bible School and the
Church." There were some new
members last Monday evening, and
we had a fine class. All teachers and
officers of the school would be ben-
efited by taking this course, as we
shall have nearly thirty lessons on
the work of the Bible School. Vis-
itors always welcome.

C. V. Dunn, Instructor.

**SANTILL MURDER CASE
ON AT BROWNWOOD, TEX.**

By the Associated Press

BROWNWOOD, Tex., Jan. 5.—Continued from last June, the trial
of Harry J. Santill in connection
with the slaying of Col. M. C.
Bugler and Mrs. Santill at Alpine,
Tex., July 20, 1918, was called in
district court today. In a previous
trial Santill was acquitted of mur-
dering his wife, and on a second
trial he was found guilty of killing
the army officer and a sentence of
five years imprisonment was im-
posed. The decision was reversed
on a technicality and a new trial
was ordered.

**DEMOCRAT DINNER
ON JACKSON DAY**

word of greeting" to the democratic
dinner on Jackson day, January 8,

it was announced today at the
White House.

The vanguard of democratic lead-
ers who will gather here this week
for the quadrennial meeting of the
party's national committee and the
Jackson day dinner began arriving
today. Although the only business
meeting of the committee at which
the time and city for holding the
national convention will be chosen
will not be held until Thursday,
many of the leaders desire to arrive
early in order to discuss the com-
ing campaign.

The national committee announced
today that seven governors
would attend the dinner Thursday
evening. Acceptances of invitations
have been received from Governors
Cox of Ohio, Cornwell of West Vir-
ginia, Brough of Arkansas, Cooper
of South Carolina, Robertson of
Oklahoma, and Davis of Virginia.

Mothers' Club Meets.

The Mothers' Club of the Willard
School held its regular business
meeting Friday afternoon.

A quartette consisting of four
girls from the eighth grade gave a
song that was enjoyed very much.

Clever Management of Braid in Suits



Braid and buttons have been the accustomed decorations for suits for some time that we take them as a matter of course and are not surprised to find them among any season's productions. Their popularity ebbs and flows; occasionally there is a season when they almost disappear and then comes a time when there is no getting away from them. They have been at the ebb for the past two seasons—sparingly but most cleverly used in ingenious ways that are surprisingly novel. Like the return of old friends after an absence, braid and bone buttons are welcome, especially when we discover them so smart and original in application.

The suit at the right has a few buttons and a little braid, but these are used with consummate taste. The braid appears in a lattice-work applique on the front and back of the coat, which is a vague-fitting belted model, conservative and graceful. But

tons are set along the top of the pockets and on the narrow belt at the back. It is a suit for any clime or any season.

The suit at the left differs only by having more buttons set in two long rows at the back, with bands of braid joining them. They form a narrow panel that is turned under, in most unexpected fashion, at the bottom. It is little, unusual touches of this kind that give clothes distinction.

Designers who determined to use braid evidently made up their minds to think up new ways of applying it. These are only two of several braid-trimmed models that have compelled admiration for their originality and ingenuity.

Julia Bottomly

SAYS PROHIBITION WILL MAKE TOBACCO INDUSTRY FLOURISH



Sir Hugo Cunliffe-Owen

Sir Hugo Cunliffe-Owen, head of the British-American Tobacco Company, who has just arrived in this country from England, believes that for the activities of the anti-tobacco fanatics the outlook for the tobacco industry never was brighter. He believes that prohibition will make American smoke all the harder.

Tornadoes come with a smash. You cannot save your property but you can save its value by tornado insurance. Let us fix it up for you at once we know how. Phone 502 1-2842.

In the south of China silkworms have been reared and silk manufactured for over 3,000 years.

SIMPLY? WELL, DON'T BE

People Notice It. Drive Them Off with Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets

A simply face will not embarrass you much longer if you get a package of Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets. The skin should begin to clear after you have taken the tablets a few nights.

Cleanse the blood, bowels and liver with Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets, the successful substitute for calomel; there's no sickness or pain after taking them.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets do what calomel does, and just as effectively, but their action is gentle and safe instead of severe and irritating.

No one who takes Olive Tablets is ever cursed with a "dark brown taste, a bad breath, a dull, listless, "no good" feeling, constipation, torpid liver, bad disposition or simply face.

Olive Tablets are a purely vegetable compound mixed with olive oil; you will know them by their olive color.

Dr. Edwards spent years among patients afflicted with liver and bowel complaints, and Olive Tablets are the immensely effective result. Take one or two nightly for a week. See how much better you feel and look. 10c and 25c.

Children's Colds—

To make your distressed baby easy and comfortable, give Foley's Honey and Tar.

It is just what children ought to have for feverish colds, coughs, "snuffles" and tight wheezy breathing. It stops croup, too.

Foley's Honey and Tar tastes good and the little ones like it. It contains no morphine, chloroform or other drugs that you would not like to give the young children. Do not accept a substitute.

"My baby was stricken with a severe cough and cold at one month old. I gave him tea containing drops of Foley's Honey and Tar every three hours and it surely did help him. He hasn't been sick a day since." Mrs. E. H. Garrett, Schoolfield, Va.

FOR SALE BY
SOLD EVERYWHERE



MORE GOOD NEWS PRICES TO DROP

COMMITTEE ON ECONOMIC RESEARCH SAYS PROSPERITY IS AHEAD AND THAT PRICES WILL DROP.

By the Associated Press

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Feb. 1.—The Harvard Committee on Economic Research, appointed by Harvard University to make special studies of economic conditions, has just announced that the United States may expect a check in the upward movement of prices and of business activity, which has been in progress since last April and perhaps a drop in prices. At the present time, however, the committee states, and on the basis of the November and December figures, it would be premature to conclude that a violent recession in commodity prices is probable.

The committee was appointed by Harvard University in 1917 to assist in the solution of the fundamental economic problems which underlie modern commerce and finance. It provides statistical information to federal reserve banks, to banking houses and large corporations and includes among its publications a review of economic statistics which contains a price forecaster.

The committee bases its present forecast upon statistical material representing the decline in the New York bank clearings, the volume of sales on the New York stock exchange, the prices of industrial stocks, and analysis of the banking and trade situation, domestic and foreign.

Professor Warren M. Persons, editor of the Statistical Service, published by the committee, says that the statistics collected by the committee indicates that the farmers will continue to prosper in 1920 and that the prosperity of this industry will contribute to that of all others during the coming year.

The beginning of the new year, he declares, finds American manufacturing industries in a sound and prosperous condition.

"The tightness of the money market and the announced policy, already inaugurated, of the Federal Reserve Board of increasing discount rates, have caused many observers to have grave misgivings for the financial outlook for 1920," he says. "Instead of causing alarm, the action of the Federal Reserve Board should in fact be regarded as a favorable omen. High interest rates are the main reliance for protecting bank reserves and they spell disaster but safety, provided they are applied in time. Control of interest rates is the safe and effective way of dealing with such a situation as we now face, and it is to be hoped that nothing—not even the needs of the United States Treasury—will divert the Reserve Board from pursuing the only sane and conservative course.

"The outlook for 1920 is for a continuance of a large demand for credit that will not be supplied except at increasing rates. High rates for bank loans will eventually tend

to check the upward movement of commodity prices as they have already checked the upward trend of security prices and the volume of speculation on the New York Stock Exchange."

Of the belief of some business men that the whole economic situation now is abnormal the committee says: "Abnormal it certainly is in many respects. Prices are very high; there has been great expansion of bank credit; extravagant expenditure, both public and private, is found on every hand, and our abnormally large export trade is likely to suffer curtailment. . . . A year ago many observers expected a violent drop in prices and a crisis in 1919. Today there seems to be less reason for expecting such developments in 1920."

The Harvard Committee on Economic Research is planning to publish this year monographs embodying special studies of the principal economic conditions and forces that will affect prices and trade throughout the world during the next five years. The committee also will study and classify the annual statistics of industrial commerce and finance and will construct trade indices based upon them. The committee is composed of University professors and men of affairs, with Charles J. Bullock, Professor of Economics at Harvard, as its chairman.

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The

Here We Have a Bran New Theory About the Planets

A layman of ordinary intelligence and education asks a layman of similar intellectual equipment, living one hundred years hence, a series of questions regarding prevalent beliefs among intelligent people of that coming day and age. Following are the questions and replies:

"What is your opinion of the sun?"

"It is a huge electrical furnace generating its own electricity. It is also the source of light."

"Is it also a source of heat? Don't the sun's rays warm the earth?"

"Yes, but not directly and they are not rays of heat, as you have been taught and probably believe. We believe, in fact we know, that such a thing is impossible."

"Why impossible?"

"Because we know enough of the laws of heat to know that heat, no matter how intense it may be at its source, could not pass through the ninety million miles of ether between the sun and earth, which is as much colder than ice as ice is colder than hot water. To believe that heat from the sun can warm the earth directly is as contrary to intelligent reason as to believe that the heat from a huge campfire on an island lake surrounded by a wall of ice a mile thick could warm people living outside the wall."

"How then does the sun warm the earth?"

"By electricity. The sun generates and sends out both light and electricity. They travel at about the same speed, but neither is heat. Light passes through both the ether and blanket of atmosphere supposed to be forty or fifty miles thick, which surrounds the earth, without obstruction. Ether offers no resistance to the electric current, but the atmosphere does. It is not a good conductor of electricity. The friction caused by the struggle of the electric current to reach the earth through the atmosphere heats the air and warms the earth."

"Can you illustrate this by something with which we are familiar?"

"Yes, the intense white electric light in the glass bulb which lights your room is produced by friction just as is the warmth of the atmosphere. Two copper wires, copper being a good conductor of electricity, pass into and out of the glass bulb. They are connected by a very small platinum wire, which is not a good conductor. The electric current, in its struggle to pass through this poor conductor and reach the earth by the return copper wire, creates both intense heat and intense light. While the light can be seen for miles, the heat penetrates the atmosphere only a few inches. Fifty of them could not heat an ordinary room. Another illustration as that of wood, especially when green, is a better conductor for electric current than air. Hence electricity in the form of lightning often strikes trees and sometimes houses. The latter, being dry, are likely to be set on fire by the friction."

"Why is it that in the tropics near the seashore, the air may be uncomfortably warm, or even hot, while the not distant mountains are covered with snow?"

"Because of the difference in the thickness of the blanket of atmosphere which covers the earth. At the seashore surface the blanket is thick; on the high mountains the blanket is thin and offers less resistance to the electric current from the sun to the earth, hence less friction and less heat. Exactly the opposite is true at the ocean level."

"Why is it colder in the north temperate zone in the winter than in the summer?"

"Because the electric current from the sun to the earth is less direct. It seeks the earth by the shortest route, and much of it is drawn off to the south of us before it reaches our latitude. For substantially the same reason the air in our longitude is colder in the morning and evening than at noon."

"We were taught in the nineteenth century and so far in this, that while Mars, and possibly Venus, might be inhabited by beings consti-

tuted physically like ourselves, that life similar to ours would be impossible on Mercury and Jupiter; Mercury because it would be too hot, and Jupiter because it is too far away. What is your belief in the 2-st century?"

"I have seen those textbooks; they are still to be found in our libraries, but their teaching is discarded. Believing as we do, that the earth's heat is produced by friction generated by the electric current passing through the earth's blanket of atmosphere, we reason that so far as heat is concerned all the changes the Almighty would have to make in the Solar system would be to give to each its proper thickness of atmospheric blanket."

"How about the moon?"

"The moon is cold because it has no atmosphere. The same is probably true of the moons of Jupiter."

RUPTURED?

TRY THIS FREE

New Invention Sent on 30 Days' Trial Without Expense to You.

Simply send me your name and I will send you my new copyrighted rupture book and measurement blank. When you return the blank I will send you my new invention for rupture. When it arrives put it on and wear it. Put it to every test you can think of. The harder the test the better you will like it. You will wonder how you ever got along with the old style cruel spring trusses or belts with leg straps of torture. Your own good, common sense and your own doctor will tell you it is the only way in which you can ever expect a cure. After wearing it 30 days, if it is not entirely satisfactory in every way—if it is not easy and comfortable—if you cannot actually see your rupture getting better, and if not convinced that cure is merely a question of time, just return it and you are out nothing. Any rupture appliance sent on 30 days' trial without expense to you is worth a trial. Tell your ruptured friends of this. EASY-HOLD CO., 957 Koch Bldg., Kansas City, Mo.

A pair of boots costs a year's salary in Soviet Russia.

The man in the street is a phrase, originated in 1831.



RUB-A-COLD

Applied outside — goes in. Applied internally — affects white depression (body poles) to the skin. Helps Nature to fight the grippe and influenza epidemic. Could not be in every home. Today — now — get it — before the rush.

Total Jar 25c Triple size 50c.

At The Drug Store.

Alexander Drug Company,

Laboratories,

Oklahoma City, Okla.



BABY NAMED LYDIA E.

Because Her Mother Was
Made Well by Lydia E.
Pinkham's Vegetable
Compound.

Brooklyn, N. Y.—"I could not write all my thanks for your blessed medicine, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I was in a very bad condition and had lost two babies. One of my good friends told me about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and after I had taken eight or ten bottles I felt like a different woman. I kept on taking it until my baby girl was born last month and we had her christened Lydia Elizabeth. I wish you to publish my letter to benefit other women who are suffering as I was."—Mrs. KATHERINE KURZBACKER, 1056 Manhattan Avenue, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Women who suffer from any feminine ailment should not lose hope until they have tried Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

The many convincing testimonials constantly published in the newspapers ought to be proof enough for women who suffer from those distressing ills peculiar to their sex that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the medicine they need.

DEPORTATION CASES BEGIN

PROMISES TO BE THE HARDEST FOUGHT LAWSUIT IN HISTORY OF ARIZONA.

By the Associated Press

TOMBSTONE, Ariz., Feb. 2.—The Bisbee "deportation trials," set to begin here today, are expected to develop the hardest-fought legal battle in the history of Arizona. The litigation resulted from the deportation of 1,186 striking copper mine workmen and their sympathizers from Bisbee, Ariz., to New Mexico on July 12, 1917.

More than 200 defendants, among them many of the most prominent citizens of Bisbee and vicinity, have been summoned to appear in the superior court here to answer charges of kidnapping in connection with the deportation. Harry S. Wheeler, former sheriff of Cochise county, who has taken upon himself sole responsibility for the deportation, mine managers, superintendents and foremen; bankers, merchants and professional men, are among the defendants.

Judge Samuel L. Pattie, of Pima county, who has been designated to preside, first gained prominence by revising and codifying the laws of Arizona after her admission to statehood.

Officials of the county attorney's office are understood to have traveled through many western states gathering depositions from the men who were deported.

Preliminary examinations were held in Douglas last year. These were followed by a trial in the federal court at Tucson of 20 leaders in the financial and industrial life of Bisbee, Douglas and Warren on indictments charging conspiracy to deprive a citizen of his rights in violation of the penal code. The defense raised a question of the court's jurisdiction in that case and it was sustained with the result that the trial of 200 or more, instead of the 20 alleged leaders, was undertaken in the state courts.

A third action is pending. It is a

civil proceeding for damages alleged to have been sustained by the deported men my reason of their deportation.

The deportation of the 1,186 men followed a prolonged strike in the copper mines of Bisbee. Accusations were printed in the newspapers of the southwest that the strike was fomented by Industrial Workers of the World for the purpose of cutting off the production of copper needed by the Allied and Associated powers in the war against Germany.

Sheriff Wheeler, who directed the deportations, declared at the time that all of the men deported were known to be members of the I. W. W., but an investigating committee, under Secretary of Labor Wilson reported that some of the deported men were not members of the I. W. W., but were business men and property owners who had lived in the district many years.

Fifteen hundred armed men under Sheriff Wheeler herded the strikers and sympathizers into the baseball park at Warren, examined each one, released those who promised to return to work, loaded the remainder on a train of cattle cars and box cars, put guards on board and the train proceeded to a sidetrack at Hermans, N. M., where it was left. United States troops on July 14 removed the exiles to a camp at Columbus, N. M., where they remained for several weeks until they finally drifted away. Two men, one a deputy sheriff, were killed in the roundup at Bisbee.

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IT ENABLED HER TO TAKE A LONG TRIP

"After years of suffering Tanac has put my wife in a fine state of health and she often boasts of how well she is feeling," said George H. Henkle, of 1302 Eastlands avenue, Nashville, Tenn.

"For years," he continued, "she was almost a confirmator dyspeptic and she suffered also from a nervous affection. Right after meals gas would form on her stomach, which kept her in distress most all the time. She always had to be most careful about her eating and was troubled at times with dizziness and swimming of the head. For a long time she had wanted to take a trip North, but couldn't do so on account of her condition.

When she saw Tanac advertised and so many people endorsing it, she decided to try it and found almost immediate relief. Tanac gave her a fine appetite and put her stomach in fine shape so she could eat and enjoy her meals without having any trouble afterwards. She hasn't complained of dizziness or swimming of the head since starting on it and that nervous condition has also quite disappeared. Tanac built her up so she was enabled to take a trip North, where she was gone four months, and she wasn't sick a minute of the whole time she was away. She is delighted with what Tanac has done for her and thinks there is no other medicine like it."

All druggists sell Tanac. adv.

Snake Oil

Positively Relieves Pain in Few Minutes.

Try it right now for Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Lumbar, sore, stiff and swollen joints, pain in the head, back and limbs, corns, bunions etc. After one application pain usually disappears as if by magic.

A few drops used internally and externally for coughs, colds, croup, influenza, sore throat, diphtheria and tonsillitis.

This oil is conceded to be the most penetrating remedial oil. Its prompt and immediate effect in relieving pain is due to the fact that it penetrates to the affected parts at once. As an illustration, pour ten drops on the thickest piece of sole leather and it will penetrate this leather completely through in three minutes.

Accept no substitutes. This great oil is golden red color only. Manufactured by Herb Juice Medicine Co. Every bottle guaranteed 35c. 70c and \$1.20 a bottle. at GWIN & MAYS DRUG CO.

JUST WAITING

For an opportunity and then you will have it done — That opportunity seldom if ever comes.

JUST PHONE

For an appointment and come and then it's over with. We are improving our styles all the time.

STALL'S STUDIO

ROYAL PAIR HONEYMOON LIKE PLAIN FOLK



Prince and princess Axel of Denmark enjoying a spin in Copenhagen.

The honeymoon of Prince Axel of Denmark and Princess Margaret of Sweden shows the rapid advance along democratic lines in European countries. No royal car or stately coach is called into use. They have been touring Denmark and Sweden in a very up-to-date chic looking roadster, such as John and Emma might pick out at the auto show for their honeymoon. The photo shows them during their travels.

S — AND — SNIDER & STATLER

AUTO EXCHANGE AND PAINT COMPANY

We buy, sell and trade in automobiles. If you want to sell your car, list it with us—we do the rest.

We also paint autos, signs, banners and bulletins.

Come in and get acquainted.

SNIDER & STATLER

401 and 403 East Main Street, Ada, Okla.

Phone 116

S — SURE SALES — S

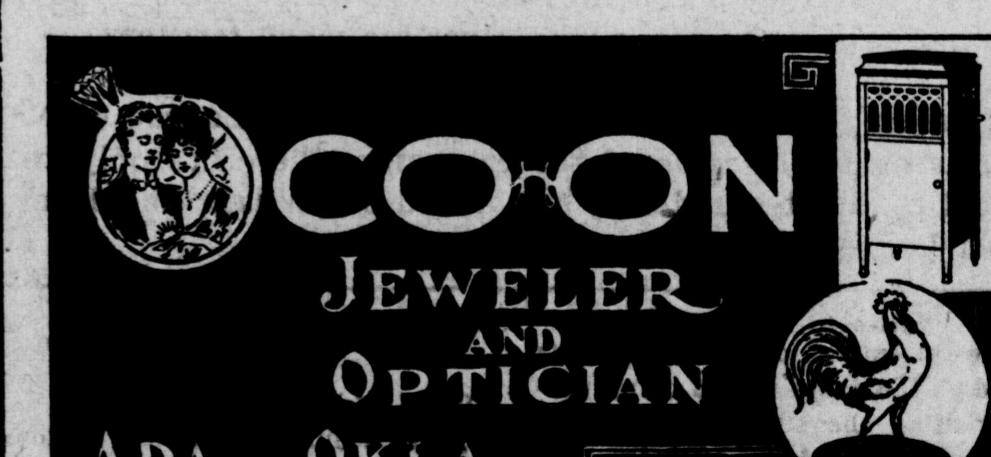


WE ARE OFFERING SOME SPECIAL BARGAINS IN SILVERWARE AT THIS TIME

The designs are conventional, chaste, or distinctive and exclusive novelties, as you desire.

If you expect to buy silverware at any time within a year, it will pay you to see this display NOW.

PATHE TALKING MACHINES



For---

Real Estate

and

Farm Loans

SEE

Cowling & Carpenter

Over Bart Smith's Drug Store, in Norris-Haney Building

This advertisement is published by the Association of Railway Executives

Those desiring information concerning the railroad situation may obtain literature by writing to The Association of Railway Executives, 61 Broadway, New York

THE ADA EVENING NEWS

By the News Publishing and Printing Co.
Ada, Oklahoma

Marvin Brown President
Cris B. Weaver Vice-President
Mattie Louise Brown Secretary-Treasurer

Marvin Brown, Editor
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Telephones: Business Office, 4. Editorial Dept., 307

LET'S HAVE THE TRUTH

The county convention of Democrats at Lawton Saturday unanimously adopted a resolution denouncing "the local Republican paper for repeatedly publishing the falsehood that Mr. Ferris opposed an increase in the pay of soldiers, when the records disclose that he worked and repeatedly voted for increased pay, etc."

The record speaks for itself and the record is what the public is entitled to see. Frequently during the past few months we have read in three Oklahoma periodicals this charge that Mr. Ferris opposed this increase in the pay of soldiers. If the charge is maliciously false, as the Lawton resolutions declare, their falsity should be shown by the record in order that the public may know that Mr. Ferris is being falsely accused. If the charge is a true one, if the record shows that Mr. Ferris did indeed vote against increasing the pay of soldiers, then simple justice to the Lawton News demands that the record be given the widest possible circulation.

The characterization of the Lawton News as "a Republican paper" presents another interesting angle to the senatorial controversy. Only recently a large display article from the Lawton News attacking Scott Ferris was given wide circulation in the state. That article was reproduced by Harlow's Weekly, the Tishomingo Capital-Democrat, and possibly other papers. Nothing was said in any of these papers about Lawton News being Republican. The average reader would consider it a Democratic attack on a Democratic candidate by a Democratic newspaper in the candidate's home town. If the Lawton News is in truth a Republican paper, then somebody has been guilty of the rankest kind of political falsehood.

The Evening News has a deep interest in this senatorial fight, but it has a deeper interest in getting at the truth than it has in the interest of any candidate. On behalf of its readers the Evening News raises these two questions: Did Scott Ferris oppose increased pay for soldiers? Is the Lawton News a Republican paper?

The resolution adopted by the democratic women in the state convention at Oklahoma City Tuesday indorsed the League of Nations and pledged their votes against and their opposition to "any candidate for the senate who has obstructed or threatened to obstruct" the approval of the League. They failed to mention any names, but we doubt if either the Tulsa World or Harlow's Weekly will assert that they were referring to Scott Ferris.

The Russian soviet has become strong enough to fight the whole world, Ludwig C. A. K. Martens told a senate committee the other day. And that's exactly what Germany said once upon a time. There's an old codger cutting brush in the back pastures of Holland who can give the soviet pointers on what happens to chaps who cover too much territory.

Speaking of presidential candidates, if the League of Nations is made the issue of the campaign, there are only two logical candidates and they are Woodrow Wilson and Henry Cabot Lodge.

TRACTOR OVERTURNS INJURING DRIVER

W. W. Norton, living west of the city, was injured about ten o'clock Saturday morning by a Fordson tractor overturning on him. While driving the tractor along a rather muddy route near the city, Mr. Norton suddenly put too much gas pressure to the tractor and it reared up and overturned backward, pinning him underneath. Owing to the softness of the ground underneath, he was probably saved from death, as it was he was badly bruised and thought to be internally injured but no bones were broken.

Mr. Norton is reported to be doing as well as could be expected this afternoon.

Hair Trouble Successfully Treated

CALYCAURA STOP HAIR FALLING

The Calycaura Method is a scientific, natural method, invariably producing gratifying results. The people have started a growth of new hair and I am sending you a check for \$10.00.

Mr. Frank H. Wright says, "Your Calycaura No. 1 cured me of my baldness and I am sending you a check for \$10.00."

Mr. John G. Smith, from Danville, Illinois, writes, "I have lost nearly all my hair, including my beard, and I am sending you a check for \$10.00."

Notice to the Public

The attention of the public is called to the danger of so many people visiting the state convict camp at the county fair grounds. The camp guards state that on many occasions convicts have taken advantage of the presence of crowds to try a get-away. Yesterday there was a specially large crowd at the camp and none of them realized the danger they were creating by their presence. Crowds are respectfully urged not to congregate about the camp.

Norway is turning from German culture to French, English and American, says Johan Bojer, distinguished Norwegian author.

A TOAST

The world applauds the singing girls
And the dancers get their due.
Mankind's in love with society
girls,
And artistic damsels too.
The public praises business
girls.
For the wholesome parts they
play,
But little's said of domestic
girls.
Who keep us a place to stay.
So here's to the good old homely
girl.
That knows how to build a nest,
For after all she's the very
girl.
That most men love the best.
Three cheers to the girl that
can cook hot rocks
And build good stew and darn
old socks.—L. Norman.

TO HELP CHOOSE LIST OF GERMANS TO STAND TRIAL



Surgeon General M. A. Logolevitch.

Surgeon General Logolevitch recently arrived in San Francisco on his way to Washington to seek economic aid for the Cossack forces under General Semenoff, fighting the Bolsheviks in Siberia. The envoy lays the responsibility for the misunderstanding between Americans and the natives of Siberia to the work of the radically inclined foreign-born members of the Siberian Expeditionary Forces. These soldiers have had a demoralizing effect on the soldier as well as the civilian population, he says.

Cabinet Changes Were Order of the Day Today It Seems

By the Associated Press

WASHINGTON, Feb. 2.—Cabinet changes were the order of the day here today. Carter Glass, secretary of the treasury, who recently was appointed to succeed the late Senator Thomas S. Martin, was expected to be sworn in this afternoon as senator from Virginia. A Franklin Houston, who has been secretary of Agriculture since the beginning of the Wilson administration, will take the oath of office as successor to Mr. Glass and Edwin T. Meredith of Des Moines, Iowa, becomes head of the department of agriculture, succeeding Mr. Houston.

Allies Approve the List of German Scalps Which They Are After

By the Associated Press

PARIS, Feb. 2.—The list of German subjects whose extradition is demanded by the Allies was finally approved by the council of ambassadors today. The council also approved the terms of the note to accompany the list. The list and the note probably will be handed to Baron Von Lesner, head of the German peace delegation as soon as the covering letter has been framed. The council considered an application for the admission of the Belgian Ambassador to the meeting of the council on the ground of Belgium's proximity to Germany and her participation in the occupation of the Rhineland and it was decided to invite him to attend when Belgium interests were in question.

PARIS, Feb. 2.—The list of Germans to be demanded by the allies and placed on trial charged with violation of humane warfare will probably be given to German representatives here today, according to one of the Paris papers. It is expected Germany will resist the demands, the newspaper says, and that a peace conference will probably be considered further and at the same time will examine the different violations of the conference of the armistice peace treaty by Germany.

PARIS, Feb. 2.—The Calycaura Method of Hair Culture stops the falling of hair, drives away dandruff or scabs of the scalp and promotes the growth of hair.

We will send a liberal sample of Calycaura No. 1 and our illustrated book on the care of the hair and scalp, if you will write your name and address plainly on a piece of paper, enclose a stamp of 3c postage and a small amount of money as evidence of your good faith, in an envelope addressed to:

UNION LABORATORY

931 Grand Rapids, Mich.

REEDSBURG, N.Y.

Do it now, before you forget.

Commercial Scientific Treatment

Liquor Is Not Medicine Say The Methodists

Ada, Okla., 2-2-20.

Editor of Ada News: Your editorial on the front page of the News for January 31, 1920, under the caption of "Let Them Die," was discussed by the Men's Bible Class of the First M. E. Church Sunday the first, and by resolution disagreed with you and appointed the undersigned committee to present our side of the case and to protest against the editorial in our leading paper upholding the use of alcohol and the fallacy of the argument presented for the use of liquor as a medicine. And in support of our position, in opposition to yours, we present the following from medical authorities which appeared in the Daily Oklahoman of Jan. 31, 1920:

WHISKY NO LONGER MEDICINE
No Mention of Liquors Made in Next American Pharmacopoeia.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 30.—Whisky and brandy have been eliminated as medicines, it was declared here today by Dr. Harvey W. Wiley, president of the United States Pharmacopoeial convention, and former chief of the bureau of chemistry, department of agriculture. No mention of alcoholic liquors as medicines will be made in the next issue of the American Pharmacopoeia, which is prepared every ten years, he said. This was determined upon, Dr. Wiley asserted, several years before national prohibition became effective.

Whisky, instead of being an effective remedy or preventative for influenza, is a positive poison in such cases, said Dr. Wiley.

and the following from the Health department of Chicago, refusing the request of the district attorney to release certain contraband whisky to release to used to fight the "flu":

"FLU" WHISKY IS REFUSED. Chicago Health Officials Say It Will Not Prevent Sickness.

CHICAGO, Jan. 29.—Health department officials today refused to give their approval to the plan of District Attorney Charles F. Clyne to release contraband whisky to local hospitals for use in fighting the influenza epidemic.

"As a general proposition whisky does not prevent influenza, nor will it serve as a cure," said Deputy Commissioner Koehler, "although in some cases it may serve as a stimulant."

We desire to be fair in the discussion and, if wrong, we want to know it, therefore, if you have any stronger authorities than we here present in opposition to your theory then kindly present them for the consideration of the public.

Respectfully submitted,

J. M. Keitner,

C. F. Green,

R. E. Haynes,

John W. Beard,

Committee.

FIFTEEN MILLION PELTS PLACED ON ST. LOUIS MARKET

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Feb. 2.—Approximately 15,000,000 pelts, valued at more than \$25,000,000, were placed on sale here today at the opening of the winter auction of the International Fur Exchange. Buyers predicted the sale would be the largest in the history of the trade.

More than 400 buyers and shippers from all parts of the earth are in attendance, and furs from virtually every nation are on sale.

Among the buyers are 23 from Germany, and by special government dispensation, quantities of German mink and fox skins were permitted to be imported for the sale.

The most expensive lot to be offered is one consisting of 7,000 Russian sables, said to be the most expensive type of fur existent. This particular type is especially scarce because the Bolshevik uprisings have curtailed its shipments, according to Phillip B. Fouke, president of the exchange.

Silver fox pelts also are expected to be high, and 1,500 of them will bring \$500,000, it was predicted.

The smallest lot on the program is 8 sea otter, a type said to be gradually becoming extinct, and its price, it was presaged, will approximate \$10,000.

The largest number of skins of one kind to be offered is 7,000,000 rabbit. They will sell for about \$1,000,000, it was said, and will be used principally in the manufacture of hats.

Nine thousand government seal skins from the Pribilof Islands will be up for sale, and buyers expect the bidders they also would bring \$1,000,000.

Other large lots to be disposed of include various grades of squirrel, fox, marten and mink. There is also a large shipment of Chinese dog mats, said to be used chiefly in making stockmen's coats.

They are much in demand this Spring.

In the short sport models of innate smartness, fashioned of materials of woolly softness.

In sand, tan, brown and horizon blue.

Priced from \$15 to \$75

WILL POISON GAS BE USED IN THE NEXT BIG WAR?

By the Associated Press

LONDON, Feb. 1.—There would be no more reason to forbid the use of gas than to prohibit the employment of rifles in the next war, says Major-General Sir Louis Jackson of the Royal Engineers, formerly in charge of offensive gas production. There were he declared gases which killed painlessly and it was easy to conceive cases in which it would be more humane to use gas than explosive shells. It might be possible to come to some arrangement whereby no gas should be used that caused unnecessary suffering.

In a recent address before some of the leading lights in the military world he stated that the world was on the eve of the most extensive modifications in the art of war known to history, and the changes made in the recent war were only the beginning. It was necessary to develop new arms with the knowledge that the nation which best did so would have a great advantage in the next war.

Tanks were not likely to be used in future wars but they had shown that mechanical transport was not dependent on highways and that therefore the whole transport of an army could be carried by vehicles with caterpillar wheels independent of the roads.

Air fighting, would be enormously developed. The short rifle would be replaced by a short carbine which would be accurate up to a range of 500 yards.

Artillery would be much more mobile and if they were to allow for an advance of 12 miles a day the guns must be capable of an effective barrage up to 18,000 yards. He thought that a short 4.2 gun with an accurate range of 12,000 yards and a long 4.2 gun with a range of 20,000 yards might meet the requirements of the future.

soldier must be absolutely different from his predecessor. The days had gone by when initiative was considered not only unnecessary but dangerous. In addition to his rifle the soldier should be able to handle a Lewis or machine gun and to help the artillery. He should know something of explosives, have a knowledge of fuses, understand signaling and be able to handle a ground wireless set. He should receive intensive training.

Oklahoma City Times: The clerks of the Kansas legislature, now in special session, want their pay raised from three to five dollars a day. In the meantime, there is some curiosity as to how they pay their expenses.

LOUISE MEADERS, Reporter

Allies Against Hapsburgs.

PARIS, Feb. 2.—Formal denial of rumors that the allies will recognize the restoration of the Haps-

The Oriental and Novelty Store

MILLINERY

AMERICAN and IMPORTED NOVELTIES

IN EVERY LINE

China, Trays, Basketry, Paper Goods, School Supplies, Japanese Water Color Paints, Valentines, Potted Bulbs and Easter Goods.

EVERYTHING USEFUL and ORNAMENTAL FOR THE HOME

Spring Millinery

You can only tell the value of a Hat by seeing it. We want you to examine the styles, quality and workmanship of our New Spring Hats. You will find them original in design, precise in workmanship and of real value throughout.

We are now handling braid, flowers, wire lining cords, shapes, etc., and in the event you prefer to do your own work, we would be pleased to furnish you the material.



The Oriental and Novelty Store

MILLINERY

223 E. Main St.

Ada, Oklahoma

Methodist Notes
The Epworth and Intermediate leagues have united and meet every Sunday evening at 6:15. Last evening the subject was "Seeing Good in Others." An interesting talk on the subject was made by Rev. Taylor.

The attendance was not so large as has been. Twenty-eight members present and several visitors. Members urged to be present and all interested in the work are welcome.

LOUISE MEADERS, Reporter

Allies Against Hapsburgs.

City Briefs

Get it at Gwin & Mays.

Have your photo made at West's.

W. T. Miller left this morning for Holdenville on business.

Mrs. B. F. Stegall is visiting her daughter living in Roff.

H. D. Johnson left this morning for Duran on a business trip.

W. B. Masterson's baby girl is reported to be quite ill with the flu.

Fred Lewis of the Baptist University at Shawnee, and a brother.

Miss Pauline Massey left Saturday for Roff for a visit with her mother.

Mrs. Homer Woods returned last night from a visit in Oklahoma City.

Frank Williams of Sioux City, Iowa, was in the city today on business.

Mrs. Reynolds of Byng underwent an operation at the local hospital yesterday.

Tickets to the Irvin S. Cobb lecture can now be procured at Gwin & Mays.

Misses Smith and Robinson, students of the normal, spent the week end in Roff.

Mrs. A. H. Constant resurred this morning from Ardmore where she has been visiting.

Mrs. Lillian Saterfield, teacher at Ahlo, spent the week end the guest of Mrs. John Fitz.

Sam Duke left this morning for Okmulgee after visiting in the city with Miss Clara Matteson.

Mr. and Mrs. C. D. Price drove over to Pittsburgh yesterday and spent the day with their daughter.

B. A. Mason, who is ill with the flu, is reported doing very nicely today and on the road to recovery.

Mrs. Anna Ingram has just returned from Coweta, where she has been on a visit to her daughter.

Mrs. S. C. Bales of Centrahoma returned to her home this morning after visiting Mrs. Emma Owens.

Mrs. Chas. Griffith of 715 E. 9th St. left this morning for Oklahoma City, where she will be the guest of her mother, Mrs. William Sanford, for the week.

We will pay the highest price for second-hand furniture and stoves. Phone 53—Conley & Son. 1-15-tf

Mrs. Charles Baker of Dallas has returned to her home after having been the guest of Miss Ana-Laurie Hill.

Miss Neoma Stuart of Duran returned to her home Saturday after visiting in the city with Miss Edgar Dees.

Get your reserved seat for the Cobb lecture at Gwin & Mays. You will be lucky to get in if you wait. 2-2-6t

Young ladies wanted to learn telephone operating. Attractive working conditions. Apply to chief operator in person. 2-2-6t

Miss Ruth Hankins, teacher of violin at the Normal, made a trip to Stonewall this morning, where she has a class.

Earl Williams, local representative for the New York Life Insurance Company, made a business trip to Holdenville this morning.

Miss Agnes Cameron returned Saturday to resume her teaching at Lightning Ridge after visiting friends and relatives in the city.

Orel Busby, local attorney, returned this morning from Roff where he went to open court, after which it was adjourned until Feb. 14.

The king of modern humorous writers and lecturers, Irving S. Cobb. Get your ticket at Gwin & Mays. He will be here next Tuesday evening. 2-2-3t

Miss Bertie Cushman spent Saturday in Roff visiting with friends. Mrs. L. N. Morris left Saturday for Pittsburgh for a visit with Mrs. C. E. Franklin.

Mrs. H. J. Ramsey returned to her home this morning in Fairbury, Ill. after a three months visit in the city with her daughter, Mrs. F. F. Bryda.

T. E. Brents, assistant chief and special officer of the U. S. Indian service, left this morning for Muskogee after visiting his wife in the city, who is ill.

Mr. and Mrs. B. R. Stout of Pawhuska is visiting in the city with Mrs. Yandell Lain. Mrs. Stout will be remembered as Mrs. Ruth Bingham, formerly of Ada.

Hoyle Lewis, brother of Dr. Lewis, and Roy Stegall, students of Oklahoma University, are spending the vacation between semesters visiting friends and relatives in the city.

Young ladies wanted to learn telephone operating. Attractive working conditions. Apply to chief operator in person. 2-2-6t

2-2-6t

SEMEONOFF ENVOY SEEKING AID FOR COSSACK FORCES



Surgeon General M. A. Logolevitch.

The little Standridge lad from Stratford who was brought to the local hospital recently to be treated for an injury received from the kick of a mule, was discharged from the hospital yesterday.

Cor. John F. Hawkins, from the army recruiting station at Tulsa, arrived in the city Saturday night and took charge of the local station, and will be in charge indefinitely. Sergeant Harris, formerly in charge of the local army recruiting station, will report to Oklahoma City in a few days.

Among those from out of town who attended the funeral of Mrs. L. M. Morris yesterday were L. W. Cozart and wife, R. C. Cagle and wife, Mrs. Fred Stump, Mrs. Belle Compton, and Claude Peyton of Wewoka, O. C. Puckett and wife, Hugh Stokes and wife, W. M. Pegg, Mrs. John Lee, and W. A. DeLaney of Allen. There were also a large number of others, particularly from Allen, whose names we were not able to obtain.

Your cleaning and pressing done up in "housewife" order by us. Call Johnson & Auld, Tailors, telephone 592. 2-2-3t

FOR RENT—Good smooth level farm, five miles this side of Duncan, Oklahoma. See Mr. Jetters at Hollow Hardware Store. 2-2-1tf

LOST—Auto crank-hole with pin across at shaft, on east end of 9th or North Francis. Reward. M. B. Molloy. Phone 931. 2-1-1td*

Your cleaning and pressing done up in "housewife" order by us. Call Johnson & Auld, Tailors, telephone 592. 2-2-3t

Daniel Darlington

Daniel Darlington is one of the four surviving veterans of the Mexican war now living in Ohio. He was born at Newark, O., where he now resides, ninety-two years ago last October. He also fought in the Civil

120 acres. All bottom land. 2 room house, 1 mile of a town.

40 acres, 4 miles of Ada. 3 room house, stable, some fruit trees, good well, 20 acres bottom land that will grow alfalfa.

2-2-2t

MELTON & LEHR.

FOR SALE—Good 5 room house and 2 lots on Oak Ave. for \$2400.

Good 5 room house on Oak for \$2200.

Good 5 room house near Normal. Good 4 room house on West 13th.

Good 5 room house and 2 lots on W. 15th for \$2450.

2-2-2t

MELTON & LEHR.

STRAYED—Small red sow pig about 2 1/2 months old. Please phone 354 if you have seen it. 2-2-2t

FOR TRADE—For Ada property, 8 room modern house in Sulphur, 2 blocks from Main Street. J. A. Lewis, over Stanfield's. 2-2-3t

DESK WANTED—Either flat or roll top. Phone 307.

FOR SALE—My home at 714 W. 2nd. Six room house, a bargain if sold at once. See A. J. Deaton. 2-2-3t*

WANTED—At once, Cook at Byrd Hotel. 2-2-2t

WANTED—Man with conveyance to carry mail from Ada to Center. See J. W. Westbrook, P. M., Ada 2-2-3t.

WANTED—Your cleaning and pressing. Miller Bros. 2-2-1tf

Vienna presents curious contrasts.

Nearby is a shop one famous for its delicacies. Its windows are dressed with tinned salmon, a few sardines,

both to be had only on a fat ration card, some imitation liquors and

scaly looking bonbons.

In the great shopping streets of

the inner city the windows are

filled with magnificent furs, works

of art, tailored costumes, dainty

silks and other women's wear, jew-

els and other articles de luxe. But

for study clothing, for shoes and

woolens, for those things that a

populace needs in a hard winter

climate, for fats and flour and sugar

one can search in Vienna in vain.

A diamond or rare painting, tape-

stry or sable coat, dainty glassware

or exquisite leather and porcelains

which can be found in the Karne-

strasse or the Graben or the smart

shop streets that radiate from them,

but the owner of any one of them

will sell you more readily for bacon,

flour or sugar than for crowns. Re-

cently many shops have refused to

sell except for established foreign

monies, although such a procedure

is in direct violation of the law.

The government daily quotes the

official rate of exchange at which

official rate of exchange at which

own bureau, but this means noth-

ing as affecting private transactions

in banks and with money changers.

Some days these will give from ten

to twenty points more or less than

the official rate according to their

own judgment of conditions. There

are daily raids on illicit money

changers in cafes, hotel corridors

and in the street of the Bourse

often netting millions of crowns,

but the game goes on.

of art, tailored costumes, dainty

silks and other women's wear, jew-

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**NEW YORK'S NEW "TOWN HALL" IS BEGUN;
TEDDY ROOSEVELT LAYS THE CORNERSTONE**



Teddy Roosevelt laying the cornerstone.

The construction of the new civic auditorium, to be known as New York's "town hall," is now under way. It is to be a public meeting place for Gotham. It is being built by the league of political education. Theodore Roosevelt, son of the late colonel, laid the cornerstone in a downpour of rain.

YE TOWN GOSSIP

Center, Okla., Feb. 2. — Editor Town Gossip: Please write a piece about Martha in the Town Gossip. The other day she ate so much that she was taken sick and wasn't able to do a thing for two days. I don't think it's nice for anyone to make a hog of herself, do you? Please print this in the Town Gossip. We all like to read it. JIMMY BRIGGS.

DEAR JIMMY:
• • •
THERE'S YOUR letter.
• • •
AND I got it.
• • •
EARLY THIS morning.
• • •
AND IT'S rather vague.
• • •
AND PUZZLING.
• • •
AND I don't know.
• • •
WHAT TO make of it.
• • •
AND YOU DON'T say.
• • •
WHETHER MARTHA's a girl.
OR A mule.
• • •
OR ONE of your chickens.
BUT WHICHEVER she is.
• • •
I AGREE with you.
• • •
AND IT'S foolish.
• • •
FOR HER to eat so much.
• • •
AND I hope
• • •
SHE'LL NEVER get sick again.
• • •
AND IF she's a girl.
• • •
AND I thought she was a mule.
• • •
I HOPE you'll apologize.
• • •
AND TELL her I'm sorry.
• • •
FOR THE mistake I made.
• • •
AND IF she's a mule.

NOTICE
The T. E. L. Class of the First Baptist Sunday School will meet in regular business session, in the class room, Tuesday 5 p.m. All members are urged to be present.

The earth's population doubles every 260 years.

REMOVAL NOTICE

After February 4th my offices will be located over Bart Smith's Drug Store, in the Rollow Building.

DR. CUMMINGS

THE RED MAN IS COMING TO LIFE

THE INDIAN CAN NO LONGER BE THOUGHT OF AS A DYING RACE SAY FIGURE MAKERS

By the Associated Press

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—Despite popular belief that the civilization forced upon him by the white man means his ultimate extinction, the North American Indian, reviving from a long period of decadence, has shown such substantial increase in population in recent years that he probably is scarcely less numerous today than when Columbus discovered America.

Starting as this assertion may be to those who have pictured American forests in the discoverer's time as swarming with red men, it is freely advanced by experts of the government's Indian bureau, who maintain that the Indian necessarily formed an exceedingly scant population which probably at no period materially exceeded the total of 33,702 Indians reported by the bureau for last year.

"The Indian no longer is to be thought of as a dying race," declared Dr. Lawrence W. White, an Indian authority of the bureau. "In support of that statement it is necessary, in the first place, to disabuse the public mind of the tradition handed down by discoverers and early colonists that American forests in their day swarmed with the dusky figure of the red man. As the Indian neglected agriculture almost completely, it is highly improbable that this country, considering its latitude, could have supported more than several hundred thousand of his race."

On the other hand, Dr. White continued, the Indian in the present day, after periods of sharp decrease following as a natural reaction to sudden contact with the civilization of the white man, is seen to be making substantial gains in population.

"While many estimates or guesses of the Indian population were made during the past century," said Dr. White, "ranging from less than 100,000 to 400,000, the first reliable census was made by the Indian bureau in 1870, when the population was placed at 313,712. So figures demonstrate that in the last fifty years the Indian population has made a substantial net gain.

Pointing to statistics which show an excess of births over death of 1,522 in 1916 and almost as great an excess in 1917, normal years which were not affected by the epidemic of influenza, Dr. White declared these figures "fully reflect the generosity of a government that has increased its Indian health appropriation alone from \$40,000 in 1911 to \$350,000 in 1917 and subsequent years."

They demonstrate, he said, that with the schools, hospitals and other advantages now provided for him, the Indian, he tribesman or freedman, is "not a dying race but rather a flourishing one." Had he been treated as other nations have treated savage tribes, Dr. White concluded, there probably would not be a "vestige of the race within our republic today."

Stop Scratching
Eczema Can Be Cured
Several have brought relief to thousands. The first application of the Salve gives instant relief, and thereafter gives its wonderful healing power.

Sent to the agents of firms of all kinds in the country, and to the trade journals, and to the medical profession, and to the public.

Send for free sample.

—Zeta Co. of Oklahoma City, Okla.

Note During Frost.

**HARNESS
REPAIR
WORK**

We do expert repair work on harness and saddles.

Also make new harness to your order.

**McKASKLE
SADDLERY CO.**
201 East Main
Phone 111

WOMAN WOULD AID STRIKERS' WIVES



Miss Helen Todd.

Miss Helen Todd's ambition is the formation of a "Woman to Woman" committee, whose members will get acquainted with the wives and children of strikers and try to get at the roots of labor disputes through the

agents of labor disputes through the

MUTT AND JEFF—There Are Things These Days That One Can't Replace.

By H. C. FISHER



150

*News Wants***FOR SALE**

FOR SALE—Second hand Ford touring car, good as new.—W. E. Harvey. 1-28-21

FOR SALE—One Ford touring car. Can be seen at 115 East 10th—Blacksmith Shop. 2-2-21

FOR SALE—Good milk cow. 401 North Ash. 1-28-21

FOR SALE—Good five room modern house. 716 West 10th. Phone 569-J. 1-28-21

FOR SALE—Good Jersey milk cow. 222 South Rennie, phone 745-J. 1-28-21

FOR SALE OR TRADE—Ford touring car in good condition.—Eby, Sugg & Co. 1-30-21

FOR SALE—Good Jersey milk cow with calf 10 days old, cheap. Gives 3½ gallons milk a day. See Ed Jones at 421 East 15th street. 1-30-21

FOR SALE—One Dodge delivery car and several other good used cars at a bargain.—ROCK & COPE GARAGE, East Main. 1-29-21

FOR SALE—New five passenger Ford Sedan, latest model. See car at Cox-Burden Garage, North Broadway. A. T. McAnally. 1-28-21

FOR SALE—Practically new Girl's Bicycle. All late improvements—shirt guard, bell and new tires. Ready to make. Call News Office. 11-6-42

FOR SALE—Nice business house on Main Street, right in the heart of Ada. See Cowling & Carpenter. Norris-Haney building. 1-27-21

FOR SALE—One frame building, 20x30, including stock of confectionery and fixtures. Located on Broadway between Main and Twelfth Street. Building to be moved. 1-23-21

HOWARD & ZORN

114 South Broadway

*News Wants***FOR SALE**

FOR SALE—10 acres on North Broadway at Katy Railroad Crossing. W. C. Sneed, Liberty Meat Market. 2-2-61

FOR SALE—100x140 ft. lot, 4 room house, sleeping porch. Well, electric lights, city water and telephone. Shade and bearing fruit trees. W. C. Sneed, Liberty Meat Market. 2-2-61

FOR SALE—Good milk cow. 401 North Ash. 1-28-21

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FOR SALE—One frame building, 20x30, including stock of confectionery and fixtures. Located on Broadway between Main and Twelfth Street. Building to be moved. 1-23-21

FOR SALE—Second hand furniture and stove.—O. K. Auction Co. 200 East Main. Phone 682. 10-14-42

WANTED—Agents for Ada and vicinity. Good proposition. Previous experience unnecessary. Free School of Instruction, Address Massachusetts Bonding and Insurance Company, Accident and Health Department, Saginaw, Michigan. Capital \$1,500,000. 2-2-mon & wed.

WANTED—Your old mattresses to work over. 401 East 10th.—E. A. Smith. Phone 170. 11-11-42

WANTED—We pay more for second hand furniture and stove. Phone 234 before you sell.—Monroe & Nickell Furniture Co. 10-22-42

WANTED—Good second hand Underwood typewriter. No. 5. Must be in first class condition and cheap. See W. D. Little at Ada News. 1-28-21

WANTED—Your city property listed with us, we have buyers waiting to look at your property. Phone 531 or see us, one door south Oklahoma State Bank. Anderson & Auten. 1-27-21

LOST

LOST—Pocketbook somewhere between Joe McIlreath's feed mill and his residence on West 15th street, containing \$21.00 in currency and several smaller bills, also two bunches of keys. Finder please return to Joe McIlreath or phone 685 or 891-R. 1-29-42

FOUND—Dodge automobile crank near Baptist Church. Owner can get same at News office by paying for this ad. 1-31-42

*News Wants***FOR RENT**

FOR RENT—3 unfurnished rooms. No children wanted. 530 West 17th. 1-31-21*

FOR RENT—Rooms for light housekeeping. 231 East 14th Street. Telephone 716. 1-17-42

FOR RENT—2 nicely furnished northeast and southeast bedrooms connecting bath. Phone 470. Mrs. Edward Rowland, 705 E. Main St. 1-28-21

FOR RENT—Two rooms for light housekeeping, furnished or unfurnished, with modern conveniences. Privilege of garden spot. Phone 534—call 431 W. 8th. 1-30-21

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE FOR ADA PROPERTY.

BY J. A. LEWIS
Over Stanfield's.

MISCELLANEOUS

HEMTITCHING, button making.—Mrs. M. A. Cassidy, over Guaranty State Bank. 11-25-42

320 acres with small house, 40 acres ready for plow, and fenced with hog wire. Most all of this can be cultivated. Want some Ada property. 1-28-21

NOTICE—Grandma Kemp's flu ointment, \$1.10 by return mail now. Patent. Mrs. Joe Kemp, 711 West Fourth St., Oklahoma City, Okla. 1-28-21*

DAIRY OR STOCK FARM.

710 acres, 80 acres in cultivation, 40 acres pasture, fenced and cross-fenced, good water, two good 6-room houses, plenty of good water, will trade this for Ada property. 1-28-21

60 acres joining good little town, 40 acres cultivation. Extra good 6-room house, plenty of good water, will trade this for Ada property. 1-28-21

800 acres good upland, 60 acres cultivation, 1¼ miles of good school house. Will take good car or vacant lots on this. 1-28-21

130 acres, 3-room box house, 30 acres branch bottom. Fenced with hog wire. School house on this land. This is clear and want Ada property. 1-28-21

300 acres with small house, 40 acres ready for plow, and fenced with hog wire. Most all of this can be cultivated. Want some Ada property. 1-28-21

300 acres with small house, 40 acres ready for plow, and fenced with hog wire. Most all of this can be cultivated. Want some Ada property. 1-28-21

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300 acres with small house, 40 acres ready for plow, and fenced with hog wire. Most all of this can be cultivated. Want some Ada property. 1-28-21

Bring your clean cotton rags to the Ada News office. We will pay you 3c a pound.

Notice to Property Owners and Sewer Contractors

Sealed bids will be received at the office of the City Clerk and Commissioner of Accounting and Finance of the City of Ada, Oklahoma, up to 3:00 p. m., on the 17th day of February, 1920, for the construction of sanitary sewer lines in Sewer Districts Nos. 8, 9 and 10 in the City of Ada, Oklahoma, bounded by the outside lines of the following described property:

Sewer District No. 8. All of Blocks 7, 8, 9, 12, and 14 in Dagg's Addition.

Sewer District No. 9. All of Blocks 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 42, 43, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 75, 76 and 86 in original Townsite.

Sewer District No. 10. All of Blocks 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6 in Capitol Hill Addition, and all of Blocks D, E and F in Sunrise Addition.

All of the above said lots, blocks and tracts of land being within the corporate limits of the city of Ada, Pontotoc County, Oklahoma, together with the necessary lines across streets, avenues and alleys and such connections with the water main in said city of Ada, Oklahoma, as shown by the plans prepared for such sanitary sewer districts, same being fully described and defined in Ordinance Nos. 432, 434 and 435 creating Sewer Districts Nos. 8, 9 and 10 respectively, passed by the Board of Commissioners on the 25th day of November, 1919, and approved by the Mayor and Commissioner of Public Justice and Safety, and attested by the City Clerk and Commissioner of Accounting and Finance on the 25th day of November 1919, and in the plans, profiles and specifications prepared by Johnson & Benham, Consulting Engineers, Kansas City, Mo., said plans, specifications and estimates being adopted by the Board of Commissioners and now on file in the office of the City Clerk and Commissioner of Accounting and Finance.

W. B. JONES,
City Clerk and Commissioner of Accounting and Finance.
Johnson & Benham, Consulting Engineers, 8th Floor Firestone Building, Kansas City, Mo.

Upon the return in good condition of all plans and specifications a refund of Five Dollars (\$5.00) will be made.

Signed this 29th day of January, 1920.

W. B. JONES,
City Clerk and Commissioner of Accounting and Finance.

Johnson & Benham, Consulting Engineers, 8th Floor Firestone Building, Kansas City, Mo.

2-2-5d

Bring in that picture and let me frame it for you—C. A. Cummins.

Signed this 29th day of January, 1920.

W. B. JONES,
City Clerk and Commissioner of Accounting and Finance.

Johnson & Benham, Consulting Engineers, 8th Floor Firestone Building, Kansas City, Mo.

2-2-10d

W. B. JONES,
City Clerk and Commissioner of Accounting and Finance.

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2-2-10d

W. B. JONES,
City Clerk and Commissioner



If you have business out of town

Every little while, you haven't any business buying an O'coat that won't look well a long time.

Of course, when you are home here, we all know you are a solid citizen and a stock holder at the Oklahoma State Bank but in other climes your assets are judged by appearance.

This isn't any argument why you shouldn't have a splendid big coat to wear around home—but it is, a first rate reason why you should look the part when you travel.

MICHAELS-STERN
VALUE FIRST

Overcoats at
\$35 to \$50

answer both purposes and the values we are showing at the above mentioned prices is why our salesmen seldom get a chance to read The Saturday Evening Post on Thursday.

Diamond & Anderson
THE MAINS STORE

ITALIAN OFFICER IN U. S. ARMY IS KNIGHTED BY KING



Capt. Adolfo Caruso.

Capt. Adolfo Caruso, a member of the American army, has been knighted by King Emmanuel of Italy and awarded the Italian war cross for his services on the Italian front. Captain Caruso served with an army ambulance contingent in Italy. His unit was the first U. S. organization to reach the Italian front. He was on first line duty from June

Mrs. G. M. Parsons and her sons, Colland and Givon, and daughter, Verda, arrived Sunday from Delight, Ark., and will make Ada their future home. Mr. Parsons arrived some time ago.



JIM BAZE

has moved his Shoe Shop into the new building second door west of gas office. 1-31-3d-1w

Hear Oscar Seagle at the Normal, February 5. More than worth the money.

This is our advertisement—not the Normal's. We believe that this institution deserves our enthusiastic support. They are helping to put Ada on the map in the little old U. S. A. Let's support such high class attractions. Tickets on sale Tuesday morning.

We are sold out of Oscar Seagle records—the demand is far greater than the supply. Have you a Victrola in your home? Have you a Grafonola? Hear Oscar on the Columbia Records. We have a supply enroute.

Gwin & Mays Drug Store

Retail Remedies

Hawley's Candy

CHRISTIAN CHURCH ENDEAVOR MOVEMENT

(Digest of sermon yesterday morning at the Christian Church, C. V. Dunn, Minister.)

The Christian Endeavor Society is the youngest, but one of the most important children of the church. This society was born in Portland, Maine, February 2, 1881. The minister of a Congregational church in that city saw that the young men and women were not being properly trained for Christian service, so he organized a Christian Endeavor Society out of the young people of his church. Its purpose, therefore, is to train young men and women who are members of the church for service to Christ.

At the present time there are about 80,000 societies, with a membership of nearly 5,000,000. The society is organized in eighty religious bodies. It is active in six continents, North America, South America, Asia, Europe, Africa and Australia. Its official organ is the "Christian Endeavor World."

The Endeavor Society is a training camp for the church. This training is as necessary to efficient Christian service as military training is to efficiency on the battlefield. Again, an Endeavorer serves a kind of apprenticeship before entering upon the full profession of Christianity, as a person enters upon an apprenticeship to enter some profession in life. The Bible School puts tools in the hand of the Christian, but the Endeavor Society trains him how to use them.

The Endeavor Society has done a great deal to further the cause for which the church stands. It has increased the reading of the Bible; it has increased the spirit of prayer; it has increased the spirit of consecration; it has advanced the cause of union among the people of God. It has done this by using the universal and Scriptural name, "Christian," and by meeting together in great conventions where unscriptural practices and doctrines are unknown; it has helped to give the church a broader vision of Christian service by advocating Christian missions, and by training its members to stand four-square on great social and moral problems.

A few years ago in the World Convention which was held in Chicago, the Endeavor Society launched two great slogans: "A saloonless nation by 1920," and "A saloonless world by 1930." The first of these hopes has become a reality. There is good reason for believing that the second will.

It has established certain worthy standards: 1,000,000 new members for our societies; 1,000,000 new converts uniting with the church; 1,000,000 new dollars for missions; 10,000 new societies of Christian Endeavor, and 20,000 new members of the Quiet Hour.

Christian Endeavor stands for definite standards of service; for a definite commitment to those standards; for open confession of Christ; for speaking for him according to ability and opportunity; for cultivation of the devotional life by regular prayer and Bible study; for training in Christian service; for loyalty to the church; for regular attendance on the services of the church; for generous giving to the services of the church; for Christian citizenship; for promotion of peace and good will among the nations of the earth.

It works in twenty-three state penitentiaries and prisons; on the Atlantic and Pacific coast and on the Great Lakes, it works among the sailors, writing letters, keeping in touch with homes, supplying comfort bags, furnishing Testaments etc. One Christmas they sent 30,000 letters to the cheer of sailors; there are several Christian Endeavor Societies in our deaf and dumb asylums; Christian Endeavor was organized in our standing army before the war; the Societies on our battleships are known as "Floating Christian Endeavor Societies." There was one on the battleship Maine and one on Dewey's flagship "Olympia." Certainly a Society that has done and is doing such big things and is planning to do yet larger things is worthy the encouragement and support of the church.

The reasons therefore are easily discovered. Upon a voice of great natural beauty Seagle has superimposed a command of technical facility, a breadth of emotional power, a wealth of vocal color, a clarity of diction, in short a perfection of utterance that for its counterpart we must go to the great singers of the golden age of bel canto.

His versatility is amazing. He does all kinds of songs equally well. His twelve years of training under the great Jean de Reszke have given him a mastery of the French song, both ancient and modern, and a keen insight into the delivery of operatic arias; his coaching with Von Zurneulin, the renowned master, a rare knowledge of German lieder. His English songs spring from the heart and manifest a rich fund of emotional power.

In one field at least, he is unique as well as great. No other singer has ever given us such interpretations of the negro spirituals as well as the popular songs of the South. Born and raised in the South, he has deep sympathy and comprehensive understanding of the spirit that sets the South apart in the fervor of its emotional life, and because of this sympathy and understanding and the additional fulness of his own art, he has been enabled to deliver for the first time, the true message of his native land. Indeed he is the musical prophet of the South.

To hear Seagle sing a negro spiritual is to enter deeply into the romance, the passion, the joy of living that distinguishes the Southland.

America's first cotton exportation was made in 1778. It consisted of one bag of cotton consigned from Charleston, S. C. to London, England.

Rains Grocery

SPECIAL
For All This Week
Phone 840-841

Plenty of Country Butter 60¢ pound
Dairy Maid Butter
pound 65¢
Country Eggs, 60¢ doz.

Bulk Peanut Butter
30¢ pound

1 peck Roman Beauty or Baldwin apples, fine eaters, 75¢ peck.

1 doz. extra large delicious apples, 60¢.

1 peck Irish potatoes
75¢.

1 peck Yellow Yam
potatoes, 50¢.

1 peck nice turnips, 45¢

Onions, 7¢ pound

10 pounds Pinto beans
\$1.00

Large, juicy ham 29¢ lb.

Large 35¢ mackerel 30¢

Large 25¢ mackerel 18¢

1 kit milker herring
\$2.00

3 lbs. Peaberry Coffee \$1.00

One 48 lb. sack Leader Flour \$3.00

Pay Cash—Pay Less

Have everything in the Garden Seed
See Me

Ada Is in for a Rare Treat Next Thursday Night

To live in a city and have the advantages of the good things that come to a city is one thing; to live in a small place and have the same advantages is another thing.

Ada is fortunate in having brought to her door entertainments that specifically belong to the larger cities. This is due, in the main, to the fact that one of the big educational institutions of the state is located here—a thing that our people too often overlook—and to the further fact that the people of Ada are far above the average in intelligence and literary inclination.

Coming next Thursday night is Oscar Seagle, baritone, and a man who will give us a musical treat which will well be worth the time and money, and every person in the city who is interested in good music will not miss this opportunity.

Oscar Seagle rises head and shoulders above the crowd of concert aspirants. This is the verdict of Henry E. Krehbiel, dean of the American critics. It is a verdict attested to by the judgment of a hundred other experts and thousands of music-lovers.

The reasons therefore are easily discovered. Upon a voice of great natural beauty Seagle has superimposed a command of technical facility, a breadth of emotional power, a wealth of vocal color, a clarity of diction, in short a perfection of utterance that for its counterpart we must go to the great singers of the golden age of bel canto.

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COL. ROOSEVELT'S LONGEST LETTER

HIS BIOGRAPHER DESCRIBES IT IN SCRIBNER'S AS HUMAN DOCUMENT OF EXCEPTIONAL CHARACTER

By the Associated Press
NEW YORK, Feb. 2.—Colonel Roosevelt's "longest letter," a 25,000-word personal account of his trip from Khartoum to London in 1909 and which is described by his biographer, Joseph Bucklin Bishop, as a "human document of exceptional character," appears as the first of two installments in the February issue of Scribner's Magazine published today.

"Soon after retiring from the Presidency," explains Mr. Bishop, "the Colonel went to Africa on a hunting trip. He had arranged before his departure for several formal addresses, which he was to make in Germany, England, France and Norway on his return. When he reached Khartoum in March 1910 on his way home, yielded to urgent appeals and made two addresses on Egyptian affairs, one at Khartoum and the other at Cairo, which aroused much controversy and led later to a speech on the same subject, also by urgent request, at the Guildhall in London.

"From Khartoum he went to Rome, Vienna, Budapest, Paris, Brussels, the Hague, Copenhagen, Christiania, Stockholm, Berlin and thence to London. At the close of his tour he paid a long visit to his long time correspondent and friend Sir George Otto Trevelyan, at the latter's estate at Welcome, Stratford-on-Avon. During the visit his narrative of his experiences in Egypt and Europe so strongly impressed Sir George that he urged him most earnestly to put it in writing. This Roosevelt did the following year, in the form of a letter to Trevelyan, under date of October 1, 1911."

The former President, in the missive, made "frank and searching comments upon the characteristics and personalities of kings, emperors and other eminent personages with whom he came in contact" and in the opening paragraph requested that it should not be made public "until long after all of us who are now, alive or dead," Trevelyan, in authorizing its publication, said: "I do not hesitate to say that it should be published and the sooner the better. The world would be much the richer for it. The times are such that the human interest and solid value of this wonderful paper would be very great indeed now."

The Colonel drew an intimate picture of British rule in Egypt, praised it on the whole and declared that the task of "super-imposing the twentieth century upon the seventh" was a mighty one "which only a great and powerful nation could attempt and which it is a high and honorable thing to have attempted." Nearly 3,000 words are devoted to "The Vatican Incident" and the reason Roosevelt was not presented to Pope Pius X. A certain Methodist clergyman in Rome had been conducting an attack upon the head of the Catholic church and when Vice President Fairbanks, sometime before, visited the Holy City the Supreme Pontiff stipulated that he would not receive him in audience if he addressed Methodist gatherings. Roosevelt took the same attitude as Fairbanks, that he "must decline to submit to any conditions which in any way limit my freedom of conduct."

The Colonel said in his letter to Sir George that one of his volunteer secretaries at that time was "anxious to prevent the Vatican from computing what he felt would be a great blunder" and while the Colonel was at Naples went to Rome to see the then Papal Secretary of State, Cardinal Merry del Val. The stipulation by the Pope was not withdrawn and Colonel Roosevelt adhered to his resolution of making no agreement to refrain from speaking before Methodist meetings. "Accordingly," he wrote, "I was not present at the Vatican."

In a public statement at the time the Colonel declared that "the respect and regard of those of my fellow Americans who are Catholics are as dear to me as the respect and regard of those who are Protestants" and he expressed the hope that "the incident would be treated as a merely personal matter without rancor or bitterness."

While in Rome the Colonel visited King Victor Emanuel and Queen Helene of Italy whom he described as "faithful, conscientious and wise" as well as a lovable couple. Later he saw in Vienna the aged Franz Josef, Emperor of Austria, who said he was "the last representative of the old system, whereas I embodied the new movement."

"I shall always bear testimony to the good manners, and the obvious sense of responsibility and duty, of the various sovereigns," the Colonel wrote. "I thoroughly liked and respected almost all the various kings and queens I met; they struck me as serious people, with charming manners, devoted to their people and anxious to justify their own positions by the way they did their duty."

Teacher Training Class
The Teacher Training Class will meet at the Christian Church this evening at 7:30. It is hoped that every member will be present, as the class will have a complete review of the Sunday School up to the present time. This review is in preparation for the list next Monday evening.—C. V. Dunn, Instructor.

Phoenix Silk Hose for Ladies'

—None quite so good
BLACK, GREY
WHITE, BROWN
\$1.75, \$2.75, \$3.75

LADIES' BELTS

Leather Sport Belts
Now so popular on
Coats, Suits and Sweaters
one-half, three-quarter or
one inch wide,
Tan or Black
75¢, \$1.00, \$1.50

THE Model CLOTHIERS
QUALITY SHOPS
B. SCHEINBERG & SON



THIS VOLCANO BIGGEST SINCE THE YEAR 1868

By the Associated Press
HILO, ISLAND OF HAWAII, Feb. 1.—Kilauea Volcano, which during the closing months of 1919 produced an eruption surpassing anything of its kind in recent years, opened 1920 with another magnificent spectacle which had not been paralleled since 1868.

On December 22, lava from Kilauea forced its way up through the floor of the Kau desert, six miles distant from the firepit of the crater, and by New Year's Day observers were watching a flow of molten lava, six miles long and 100 yards wide, traveling southward through the forest of ohia trees at a rate of three miles per day. An inner channel of the flow was making as high speed as 12 miles an

hours at the source, and welling from springs twelve feet across.

As the molten lava cut into the forest the trees were set afire, many of them being quickly burned through at their bases and carried along upright in the flow like ranks of giant torches.

The location of Kilauea's most recent outbreak is along the rift line of 1868, left by the terrific earthquakes which rocked the island of Hawaii in that year. The rift, clearly defined, runs from the southern rim of Halemaumau, the "house of fire," or firepit of Kilauea, through the south wall of the main crater and thence to the sea, twenty miles away in a series of wide, parallel crevasses. The new flow, however, has not made its appearance along the rift at a point closer to the firepit than six miles, where it has welled up through the thickly lava-coated desert floor of Kau.

From the rift line many molten fountains could be seen spouting

thirty feet in the air. Heavy fumes were emanating from the earth along the entire line of the rift.

Kilauea's latest outbreak is the culmination of a long period of tremendous activity, caused, say the volcano observers, by underground pressure of lava which was not relieved by the recent discharges from the crater proper.

As the desert flow increased, the lava level in Halemaumau continued to sink, until volcanologists prophesied that the pit might be drained.

Attention, Masons.

Regular meeting of the Ada Lodge A. F. & A. M., No. 119, this evening at 7:30. A full attendance is requested, as there is important business.—R. H. Gladwill, W. M.

Portugal is the most illiterate country in Europe—more than 60 per cent of its population cannot write.

The first fire engine used in the United States was brought from England to New York in 1731.

Springtime's Creations